Perfect Knowledge of the State Language - A Guarantee of Personal Development and Prospects for the Specialist

Aripova Aziza Khasanovna
PhD on Philology, Associate Professor, Specialized branch of Tashkent State University of Law, head of the Department of General Education

Khurshida Khodjayeva Sharafitdinovna
Lecturer, University of World Economy and Diplomacy, Tashkent, Uzbekistan

Khodjaeva Naima Sharafitdinovna
A leading teacher of English department, Academic lyceum of the Tashkent State economics university

Merzaitova Khilola Nabi qizi
A first-year student of the Tashkent State economics university

Summary: The article examines the issue of proficiency and knowledge of the state language by contemporary specialists, the need to study foreign languages through mastering the state language in future activities; analysis of the current need for specialists who are fluent in many languages in accordance with the requirements of the modern labor market, the ability of a specialist who speaks the state and foreign languages. The article also focuses on the necessity of creating multimedia and audiovisual educational programs, and educational complexes adapted to stage-by-stage language teaching.

Key words: state language, foreign language competence, state and foreign languages, special language, professional perspectives, communication.

To radically increase the prestige of the Uzbek language in the social life of our people and in the international arena, to educate our young people in the spirit of patriotism, devotion to national traditions and values, to ensure the full introduction of the state language in our country, In order to preserve and develop the languages of nations and peoples in Uzbekistan, to create conditions for the study of Uzbek as the state language, to determine the strategic goals, priorities and objectives and future stages of development of Uzbek language and language policy [1], as well as the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 21, 2019 No PF-5850 "On measures to radically increase the prestige and status of the Uzbek language as the state language", as well as the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 20, 2020 "On Organization of education on the implementation of the Decree No. PF-6084 "On measures to further develop the Uzbek language and improve language policy" to further improve the system of teaching the state language in higher education, to increase its prestige as a language of science; maintaining the purity of the state language, enriching it and improving the speech culture of the population; ensuring the active integration of the state language into modern information technologies and communications; to increase the role and prestige of the state language in the international arena, to develop foreign cooperation in this area.
No matter what language is in the world, first of all it represents the spirit of the nation, the symbol of the state. Every language is closely connected with the image of the state, property, spirit, cultural and spiritual wealth of the nation, culture, customs, way of life and history of the people.

In the history of the Republic of Uzbekistan, October 21, 1989 was the day when the legal basis of the state language was established. Because, as a continuation of Article 1 of the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the celebration of the holiday of the Uzbek language" adopted on April 10, 2020 (No. ZRU-615), October 21 It has been marked as the Uzbek language holiday.

Respect for the Uzbek language in our country, its status as the state language, raising its status in society, educating the younger generation in the spirit of respect for the mother tongue are among the important tasks in any case.

In order to raise the international prestige of the Uzbek language, it is necessary for every citizen to contribute to the development of the Uzbek language on the basis of national and universal concepts, and to have a deep respect for the state language.

It is surprising why the publication of a variety of textbooks, from the most advanced methods in language teaching today, does not produce the results we have been waiting for or expecting.

Despite the fact that a number of textbooks on intensive teaching of Uzbek language, textbooks for foreigners, are created on the basis of the lexical minimum, why are they left only among narrow users?

It should be noted that the creation of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the Uzbek language has also increased its prestige. Today, the Uzbek language is spoken on the podiums and in the international arena, on the UN stage, and the national anthem is played in other countries because of our athletes, which increases the sense of homeland and, consequently, the love for the country in every citizen.

Uzbek enlightener Abdullah Avloni stressed the importance of language for human society when he said, "The mirror life of every nation in the world is its national language and literature." Today, the Uzbek language as an official language is actively used in all spheres, including political, legal, economic, social and spiritual life. At a time when the study of the Uzbek language is becoming more widespread abroad, the interest in our country is growing.

Nowadays, the development of a language, whether it is a local "mother tongue" or a foreign language, is characterized by significant changes in the life of the international community. It is characterized by the fact that the current fruitful stage of historical and gradual development of our country and the world in general serves to expand political, economic and cultural ties. In this regard, communication abroad and self-awareness in the outside world, the true mastery of a foreign language as a means of entering the world of foreign culture - is one of the most pressing issues today. The 21st century, declared by the Council of Europe to be the age of polyglots, is fueling the interest of modern society in learning foreign languages. However, it is natural to wonder how useful a foreign language can be for a specialist and what opportunities it opens up. How can we answer him?

Today, there are four groups of professionals:
For example, civil servants (police officers, prevention inspectors, diplomats, economists, prosecutors, lawyers, judges, etc.). The next group is all corporate employees working in enterprises. The third group is the representatives of the industry with a special status. Finally, the fourth group is professionals who do not have status and are not subordinate to the civil service or companies. They provide a variety of services to the public and legal entities, including direct communication in their activities and expressing their views through language (written and oral). It is also natural that there are places where you can communicate directly in a foreign language.

Today, at a time of globalization and the opening up of a wide range of opportunities - bilateral cooperation with the foreign sector - is becoming the essence of the day, regardless of the industry and sector. All fields require mastering a foreign language.

What does it take to be a good professional? The requirements for candidates today are, of course, high. In this regard, in addition to having a broad outlook on the field, it is also necessary to have a thorough knowledge of the languages used in the work and to have business skills. There is a lot of competition for professionals in the labor market, and their advantage depends on their perfect command of a foreign language and their ability to work. As we have already mentioned, over time, the world is changing and relations with various foreign countries are increasing day by day. We need specialists in all fields, who can work in international activities and have a perfect knowledge of foreign languages. Knowledge of the language, in particular, can help and create opportunities for multilateral agreements, interactions, and translation from one language to another in business.

Knowledge of foreign languages is the basis for all professionals to improve their knowledge and learn about innovations in the field in the field of special professional activities. On the other hand, as a translator, you can use the special knowledge and skills in your field to teach colleagues. Translation requires not only the ability to speak a foreign language confidently, but also the ability to speak and write fluently in the local "mother tongue" to be translated. The translator must be familiar with the terminology specific to different texts (socio-political, technical, medical, engineering, etc.). At the same time, the ability to express language fluently, both orally and in writing, is one of the most pressing issues today, as language proficiency is a critical condition in all professions. This will help, first of all, in the field of documentation. If the office or organization is focused on working with foreign partners, language skills will be mandatory for most employees. It is also important to create a database in a foreign language, work directly with clients (representatives of international companies), work with employees of international relations departments, website developers, software developers and mobile applications. In any case, knowing a foreign language is a great opportunity for these professionals.

One of the most popular foreign languages today is English. In general, it is the most widely used language in all fields and specialties today. However, depending on the location, the situation may change. In Navoi, for example, there are many companies doing business with South Korea and Germany. So, knowledge of Korean and German is required. In
Nukus, there are foreign companies that have contacts with Chinese and Japanese foreign investors - there is a great need for Japanese and Chinese. Cooperation is also being established with the Russian regions - direct knowledge of the Russian language is required. Knowing foreign languages will definitely make it possible to work abroad as well. However, anyone who wants to learn any foreign language must learn Uzbek perfectly. Large companies operating in the field of tourism are always in need of guides, animators, teachers, dancers and singers, cooks, restaurateurs, bartenders, waiters, ordinary employees who know both local and foreign languages. One of the most pressing issues in the field of tourism today is the language skills of the narrow industry.

We know that the specialists working in the field of "international activities" are the "elite" of the industry. Not only do they have a thorough knowledge of all international "legislation" in their field, but they are also free to conclude and implement contracts in the state and foreign languages. There is a great need for bilingual, language-speaking professionals working in the international arena. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs and international organizations need more specialists in international foreign economic activity in addition to their traditional workplaces. This means that the number of international lawsuits and disputes is increasing year by year, and most employers are not interested in paying for the services of an interpreter on a regular basis [2].

It is important that experts carefully review all available documents, know a foreign language and translate it into the local language. The demand for such specialists will continue to grow in the future. To carry out international activities or work in foreign territories, you need highly educated and polyglot specialists. A lawyer specializing in international law is also in demand in government agencies: embassies, consulates, and representations of various organizations abroad. In this case, in addition to legal and linguistic knowledge, he must also have diplomatic skills [3].

If the level of language proficiency is not sufficient for a successful professional career of a lawyer, of course, there are many foreign translators at his service. This is an additional expense. A variety of professional foreign language programs for professionals are offered today - for example, “Foreign language for narrow industry”, “Legal English”, “Foreign language for diplomat”, “Business language”, “International English”, “Professional”. foreign language “and so on. It is possible to practice the language through the local Uzbek and Russian languages, and to gain additional experience and skills. It should be noted that the duration of training can be short or long. Professional language programs are designed for those who need a foreign language to perform their official duties. The program includes industry-specific training. Legal foreign language courses help different branches of jurisprudence to acquire specialized vocabulary and grammatical structures; helps to understand the specifics of the legislation of foreign countries, their legal culture.

In conclusion, it should be noted that mastering a state language requires a good knowledge of the state language. Language not only contributes to a person’s maturity, but also to the expansion of his or her opportunities in professional activities. Knowledge of one or more foreign languages is a guarantee of personal development and prospects for the specialist.

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