Functional Characteristics of the Phenomenon of Transposition In English

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ABSTRACT

Several problematic processes related to the modern linguistic system of the development of linguistics are studied and researched. This situation can be observed both from the point of view of world linguistics and from the point of view of Uzbek linguistics. Linguistics, like all other sciences, is constantly evolving. In this article, it is highlighted that since the phenomenon of transposition has not been sufficiently studied in Uzbek linguistics as well as in English, the fact that the phenomenon of derivation has not been studied in the context of root words can also be included among these problems.

Key words: transposition, transposition without affix, word formation, syntactic synonymy, affixal transposition.

INTRODUCTION

In world linguistics, linguists made a significant contribution to the study of the factors that ensure the completeness of word formation in the English lexical system. E. Kurilovish, Z. Harris and others conducted studies on derivation, conversion and transposition in English. In her doctoral dissertation, M.N.Larshina studied the cognitive aspect of semantic acquisition of English language material. It was studied by L.A.Telegin in his doctoral dissertation on affixless transposition and its influence on the formation process of modern English.

THE MAIN PART

L.N. Murzin, the founder of derivationology in world linguistics, studies the formation of syntactic units under the term syntactic derivation. N. Turnievoz, in his monograph on the problems of word-formation syntax of the Uzbek language, dwells on the structure and structure of words, their analysis as word-formation constructions. "Every problem of derivation is closely related to the actual use of units of the language system in speech. In particular, the principles of the phenomenon of syntactic formation are of great importance in this
regard. Therefore, the interaction of words in the process of speech requires basic means of communication between people. In world linguistics, language and society, language and thought, language and consciousness, language and culture, language vocabulary, which have long been the basic problems of linguistics and linguistic culture, are of particular importance. In linguistics - specific signs of a subtle and clear influence on the pronunciation or assimilation of words in a certain region; their similarities and differences are analyzed in detail on the basis of theoretical methods. Due to the fact that the linguistic aspects of natural languages, such as lexical-semantic, syntactic, morphological and pragmatic, differ to a certain extent, the study of several languages not only distinguishes their features, but also ensures the continuity of research.

The phenomenon of transposition can also be observed in the stories of O. Genry. In O.Genry's story "The gift of the Magi" the following events occurred:

One was Jim’s gold watch that had been his father’s and his grandfather’s. The other was Della’s hair. One flight up Della ran, and collected herself, panting.

In the cases given above, the phenomenon of transposition of the number word group has occurred. In this case, the noun performed a syntactic task specific to the word group, and one appeared as a possessor. Of all who give and receive gifts, such as they are wisest. Everywhere they are wisest. They are the magi.

In this example, the degree of increase of the adjective word group is the syntactic task specific to the verb, i.e. the participle.

In O.Genry's story "A Cosmopolite in a Café" we can observe the phenomenon of transposition in the following cases:

At midnight the Café was crowded.

This example is a clear example of the fact that the word group (crowded) is transposed as participle. Here I had found a man not made from dust; one who had no narrow boasts of birthplace or country, one who, if he bragged at all, would brag of his whole round globe against the Martians and the inhabitants of the Moon.

In this example, the number (one) is in the noun form.

The war with Spain, many years’ generous mint and water-melon crops, a few long-shot winners at the New Orleans race-track, and the brilliant banquets given by the Indiana and Kansas citizens who compose the North Carolina Society, have made the South rather a ‘fad’ in Manhattan.

Why, I’ve seen Kentuckians who hated whisky, Virginians who weren’t descended from Pocahontas, Indians who hadn’t written a novel, Mexicans who didn’t wear velvet trousers with silver dollars sewed along the seams, funny Englishmen, spendthrift Yankees, cold-blooded Southerners, narrow-minded Westerners, and New Yorkers who were too busy to stop for an hour on the street to watch a one-armed grocer’s clerk do up cranberries in paper bags.

In the above example, the noun word group (water-melon, rarer) is used as a transitive modifier. The evening was at the period when reserve is thawed.

The parks were green with new leaves and buyers for the Western and Southern trade. In these examples, the adjective word group (thawed, green) is not used as a qualifying adjective, but as a participle.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, from the analysis of the above examples, it became clear that: in English, the phenomenon of transposition is more common in adjective and number word groups, when the phenomenon of transposition
occurs in number and adjective, their functional characteristics change, and the adjective appears as a noun or a verb. The number is used as a noun.

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